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TOWNSEND and TOWNSEND and CREW LLP

By:

L. Kaur

Attorney Docket No.: 020752-000111US

PATENT

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JAN - 7 2003

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

G. Ramanath, et al.

Application No.: 09/967,927

Filed: October 11, 2001

For: DIFFUSION BARRIERS
COMPRISING A SELF-ASSEMBLED
MONOLAYER

Examiner: Erik Keilin

Art Unit: 2813

DECLARATION OF SHYAM MURARKA
PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

I, Shyam Murarka, reside at 7 Shadowbrook Dr., Clifton Park, NY 12065, and declare as follows:

1. A brief discussion of my background is attached hereto as Exhibit A. As shown in Exhibit A, I have extensive experience in the fields of microelectronics and materials science.

2. I am a co-inventor in the present patent application.

3. I have reviewed the present application, the Amendment filed on November 21, 2002, the Office Action mailed July 22, 2002, and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,079,600 (Schnur '600) and 5,389,496 (Calvert '496).

4. On pages 2-4 of the Office Action, claims 12, 13, 15, 18, 19, and 21 were rejected as being anticipated by Schnur '600. The Office Action states alleges that Schnur

discloses a diffusion barrier, and further alleges that "[i]t is seen to be inherent that the 'thin film' is a diffusion barrier, because it is the same thin film as disclosed and claimed by Applicant, and because the 'metal' is on the 'thin film' and is not shown in Schnur to diffuse through it, thereby meeting Applicant's definition of 'diffusion barrier'."

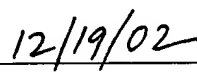
5. On pages 4-6 of the Office Action, claims 12, 13, 15, 17, 18, 19, 21, and 23 are rejected as anticipated by Calvert '496. The rejection states "it is seen to be inherent that the covalently bonded 'chemical groups' or 'catalyst ligating groups' of Calvert inherently form a self-assembled monolayer which serves as a diffusion barrier layer for the reasons indicated above in reference to Schnur."

6. Contrary to the assumption in the rejections based on Schnur '600 and Calvert '496, I do not believe that either reference "inherently" discloses a "diffusion barrier". Neither Schnur '600 nor Calvert '496 describe or suggest self-assembled monolayers that are diffusion barriers. For example, neither Schnur '600 nor Calvert '496 tested their structures like the present inventors to show that copper diffusion does not occur under conditions such as thermal bias annealing. Consequently, I do not believe that the inventions defined by the pending claims in the present application, each of which recites a "diffusion barrier", are "inherent" in Schnur '600 or Calvert '496.

7. I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the above-referenced application or any patent issuing thereon.



Shyam Murarka, Ph.D.



Date

Exhibit A: BACKGROUND OF SHYAM P. MURARKA

SHYAM P. MURARKA has recently (September, 2002) retired. He was the Elaine S. and Jack S. Parker Chair in Engineering and a Professor in the Center for Integrated Electronics, Electronics Manufacturing and Electronic Media (CIEEM) and Materials Science and Engineering Department. He received a Ph.D. degree in Chemistry from Agra University, Agra, India, in 1970, and a Ph.D. degree in Metallurgy and Materials Science from the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, also in 1970.

Prior to joining Rensselaer, from 1972 until August 1984, he had been with Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, NJ, where he received a Distinguished Technical Staff Award (in 1992, the first time such awards were made) and was a Supervisor in the Materials Technology Department. He was the Director of the Center for Advanced Interconnect Science and Technology (CAIST) from 1996-2000 and was responsible for the NY Focus Research Center (FRC) program at Rensselaer 1997-1998. He was an FRC advisory council member. He was Director of CIEEM from July 1994 until April 1996 and Co-Director of SEMATECH Center of Excellence at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute from January 1990 until August 1996. He has been a member of several professional societies and received the 1987 Thomas D. Callinan Award and the 2001 Electronics Division Award, both of the Electrochemical Society and became a fellow of American Society of Metals, International in 1991, of American Vacuum Society in 1993, of IEEE in 1995 and of ECS in 1997. Also, he has been a member of several nationwide panels (e.g., SIA NTRS Roadmap, NSF-New Paradigms for Manufacturing 1994, Micro Tech 2000, 1991, etc.) to discuss advanced technology issues in microelectronics. As a frequent contributor to technical publications in the field of Materials Science, he has published over 260 papers and given over 270 talks (about half invited) on the diffusion and defects in metals, oxides, and semiconductors; thin films and thin film metallization of IC's and has written books, "Silicides for VLSI Applications", (Academic Press, NY, 1983); "Electronics Materials, Science and Technology" with Dr. M. Peckerar (Academic Press, 1989), "Metallization Theory and Practice for VLSI and ULSI", (Butterworth, 1993), "Chemical Mechanical Planarization of Microelectronic Materials", (Wiley, 1997) with Drs. J. Steigerwald and R. Gutmann, and "Copper: Fundamental Mechanisms for Microelectronic Applications," (Wiley, 2000) with Drs. I. V. Verner and R. J. Gutmann. He also has co-edited three books on "Advanced Metallization in Microelectronics", (MRS 1990, 1992, 1994), one on "Interface Control of Electrical, Chemical, and Mechanical Properties", (MRS 1994), one on "Microelectronics Technology and Process Integration", (SPIE, 1994), and one on "Low Dielectric Constant Materials -Synthesis and Applications in Microelectronics" (MRS, 1995), and one on "Advanced Interconnects and Contact Materials and Processes for Future Integrated Circuits," (MRS, 1998), and written review chapters in several edited volumes (books). He is presently actively involved with graduate students working in the area of multilevel interconnections specifically high conductivity metals, low dielectric constant interlayer dielectric, and planarization.

He had been a member of ASM International, The Electrochemical Society, IEEE, AVS, and MRS. He was also an Associate Editor of the Journal of Electrochemical Society and is frequent reviewer of the national and international journal articles. He has also co-edited special journal issues covering the interconnection issues in semiconductors.